

<b>Index of orders received by industry</b>			
Metadata and chronology of methodological changes			
<b>1 Codes</b>			
1 Frequency:	<b>M</b>	monthly	
2 Reference area:	<b>DE</b>	Germany	
3 Adjustment:	<b>Y</b>	calendar and seasonally adjusted	
	<b>N</b>	unadjusted	
4 Accounting system:	<b>I</b>	short-term economic indicators	
5 Indicator category:	<b>IO1</b>	orders received	
	<b>IO2</b>	orders received (domestic)	
	<b>IO3</b>	orders received (from abroad)	
	<b>IO4</b>	orders received (from abroad, euro-area-countries only)	
	<b>IO5</b>	orders received (from abroad, non-euro-area-countries)	
6 Identification:	<b>ACM01</b>	industry	
	<b>ACM02</b>	intermediate goods	
	<b>ACM03</b>	capital goods	
	<b>ACM04</b>	consumer goods	
7 Unit:	<b>C</b>	at constant prices	
	<b>V</b>	at current prices	
8 Calculation base:	<b>I</b>	index	
<b>2 Available vintages</b>			
M.DE.Y.[IO1, IO2, IO3].[ACM02, ACM03].C.I		from 08.06.1995	
M.DE.Y.[IO1, IO2, IO3].ACM01.C.I		from 06.09.2001	
M.DE.N.[IO1, IO2, IO3].[ACM01, ACM02, ACM03].C.I		from 04.11.2005	
M.DE.*.[IO1, IO2, IO3].[ACM01, ACM02, ACM03].V.I		from 04.11.2005	
M.DE.*.I.[IO4, IO5].*.*.I:		from 07.03.2006	
Historical time series:			
M.DE.Y.[IO1, IO2, IO3].ABA20.C.I		08.06.1995 – 06.08.2001	
<b>3 Chronology of methodological changes</b>			
Publication date	Change	Reporting period	References
2018-03-09	Rebasing to 2015=100 and updating index weights.	1991-01 –	S. Linz, H.-R. Möller und P. Mehlhorn, Umstellung der Konjunkturindizes im Produzierenden Gewerbe auf das Basisjahr 2015, Wirtschaft und Statistik 2/2018, S.49-65.
2013-11-06	Values deflated by the rebased index of producer prices, rebased to 2010=100.	2013-08 –	
2013-03-07	Rebasing to 2010=100, new weights mainly identified via forward projection, corrections of weights of manufacture of other transport equipment. Revisions before 2009 only in manufacture of computers, electronic and optical products and of electrical equipment due to change to hedonic deflation.	1991-01 –	C. Bald-Herbel, Umstellung der Konjunkturindizes im Produzierenden Gewerbe auf das Basisjahr 2010, Wirtschaft und Statistik 2/2013, S. 185 - 198
2009-03-11	Rebasing to 2005=100 and conversion to the classification of economic activities, NACE Rev 2 (WZ 2008). The original calculations start with January 2009; previously, the existing data are reclassified.	1991-01 –	C. Bald-Herbel, Umstellung der Konjunkturindizes im Produzierenden Gewerbe auf Basis 2005, Wirtschaft und Statistik 3/2009, S. 223-231.

2007-04-04	Back-calculation of the reporting population introduced in January: the data for 2006 are recalculated for reports from local units with at least 50 employees.	2006-01– 2006-12	
2007-03-08	Change in reporting population: from January 2007, based on reports from local units with at least 50 employees; previously, local units of enterprises with at least 20 employees had reported.	2007-01 –	
2006-02-06	Change in publication practice: there is now no second publication in the month with revised data. The revised results are now published together with the provisional data of the following month.	2005-12 –	
2006-03-04	Change in the estimation method to account for missing / late reports: the month-on-month rates of change of the reporting work units of a main industrial grouping are transferred to the missing reports of the main industrial grouping. Previously, missing reports were replaced by data from the previous month.	2005-01 –	Statistisches Bundesamt, Kurznachrichten, Methodische Änderungen bei den Konjunkturindizes, Wirtschaft und Statistik 3/2005, S.179.
2003-04-04	Rebasing to 2000=100 and conversion to the classification of economic activities, NACE Rev 1.1 (WZ 2003).	1991-01 –	C. Bald-Herbel, Umstellung der Auftragseingangs- und Umsatzindizes im Verarbeitenden Gewerbe auf Basis 2000, Wirtschaft und Statistik 3/2003, S. 206-212.
2001-09-06	The main industrial groupings (ACM02 intermediate goods, ACM03 capital goods and ACM04 consumer goods subdivided into ACM05 durable consumer goods and ACM06 non-durable consumer goods) are given standard EU definitions. The new aggregate of these items is designated "industry". As mining and quarrying and the manufacture of refined petroleum products are not recorded, orders received are identical with the results for manufacturing, which was previously the focus of the published figures.	01/1991 –	Deutsche Bundesbank, Neuerungen in den Konjunkturstatistiken, Monatsbericht, 53. Jahrgang, Nr. 9, September 2001, S.7.
1998-07-06	Rebasing to 1995=100.	01/1991 –	C. Bald-Herbel und N. Herbel, Die Umstellung der Indizes im Produzierenden Gewerbe auf Basis 1995, Wirtschaft und Statistik 5/1998, S. 386-393.
1995-06-08	Rebasing to 1991=100 and conversion to the classification of economic activities, NACE Rev 1 (WZ 93). The standard European classification replaces the former German classification for the manufacturing sector (SYPRO). The back-calculation of the data from the period from 1991 to 1994 is performed using estimates. Change in territorial definition: for the first time indices are calculated for Germany as a whole.	01/1991 –	C. Bald-Herbel und N. Herbel, Die Umstellung der Indizes im Produzierenden Gewerbe auf Basis 1991, Wirtschaft und Statistik 3/1995, S. 181-191.
<b>4 Other references</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>T. A. Knetsch und H.-E. Reimers, How to treat benchmark revisions? The case of German production and orders statistics, Diskussionspapier des Forschungszentrums der Deutschen Bundesbank, Reihe</li> </ul>			

1, Volkswirtschaftliche Studien, Nr. 38/2006.

- Statistisches Bundesamt, Qualitätsbericht - Auftragseingangsindex im Verarbeitenden Gewerbe.

**5 Source of the unadjusted figure**

- Statistisches Bundesamt